



BC Health Organization Information Governance Summit 2017
Putting IG to Work

September 2017

A dynamic, leading network of healthcare organizations in Ontario saw an opportunity to disrupt the analytics eco-system and developed an innovative strategy in less than 16 weeks



1 WHAT WAS THE SITUATION AND WHO INFORMED OUR THINKING?

2 WHAT DID WE WORK TOWARDS?

3 WHAT ARE THE LESSONS LEARNED?

WHAT WAS THE
SITUATION AND WHO
INFORMED OUR
THINKING?



While a large number of data initiatives exist in Ontario, there remains an unmet need of timely access to longitudinal views of clinical, -ohmic and patient-derived data



A dynamic network of 13 academic and community hospitals affiliated with a university - *does not function as an integrated delivery network or as a unified clinical research organization*

THE
CLIENT

The value for collaboration is underpinned by the need for:



A holistic patient view



Population scale



Economies of scale

- ▶ Current State Assessment
- ▶ Health Analytics Strategy
(data, privacy, governance, architecture and technology)
- ▶ 3-Year Implementation Roadmap

OUTPUTS



The creation of a shared and integrated health analytics strategy is viewed to be a key strategic lever to propel the Client towards the progressive development of an advanced learning health system with accelerated quality improvement, population health management and clinical research capabilities

There is a growing recognition that health care organizations cannot successfully operate within value-based care and population health agendas without robust data and analytics

Global trends and lessons learned from other geographies for similar types of collaboratives helped to inform the vision and overall strategy – **GOVERNANCE IS TOP OF MIND**

Logos displayed on the map include:

- Harvard Catalyst** | **The Harvard Clinical and Translational Science Center**
- The Dartmouth Institute for Health Policy & Clinical Practice** (Where Knowledge Informs Change)
- Google**
- UCReX** (University of California Research eXchange)
- SHIP** (Scottish Health Informatics Programme)
- OICR** (Ontario Institute for Cancer Research)
- MD Anderson Cancer Center** (The University of Texas)
- Administrative Data Research Centre Scotland**
- Statistics Canada / Statistique Canada**
- Victorian Comprehensive Cancer Centre**
- Manitoba Centre for Health Policy**
- Health Sciences South Carolina**
- Advocate Health Care**
- Partners Healthcare**
- DTL**
- Kaiser Permanente**
- Intermountain Healthcare** (Healing for Life)
- Biogen**
- All of Us Research Program**

 We also have **RECENT LIVED EXPERIENCE** of working side by side with major transformative data, information management and analytics initiatives focused on population health, research and quality improvement in Ontario:

Logos displayed include:

- Cancer Care Ontario / Action Cancer Ontario**
- Medical Psychiatry Alliance**
- Trillium Health Partners**
- niagarahealth** (Extraordinary Caring. Every Person. Every Time.)
- SickKids Foundation**
- Ontario Health Quality Ontario**

WHAT DID WE WORK
TOWARDS?



A number of situational constraints and natural tensions were identified through current state discovery – which informed future state consultations and the recommended governance model and path forward



Privacy legislation & custodianship models



Variety of user/stakeholder interests around access to and use of data



Different types of organizations



Acceptable spectrum of data visibility



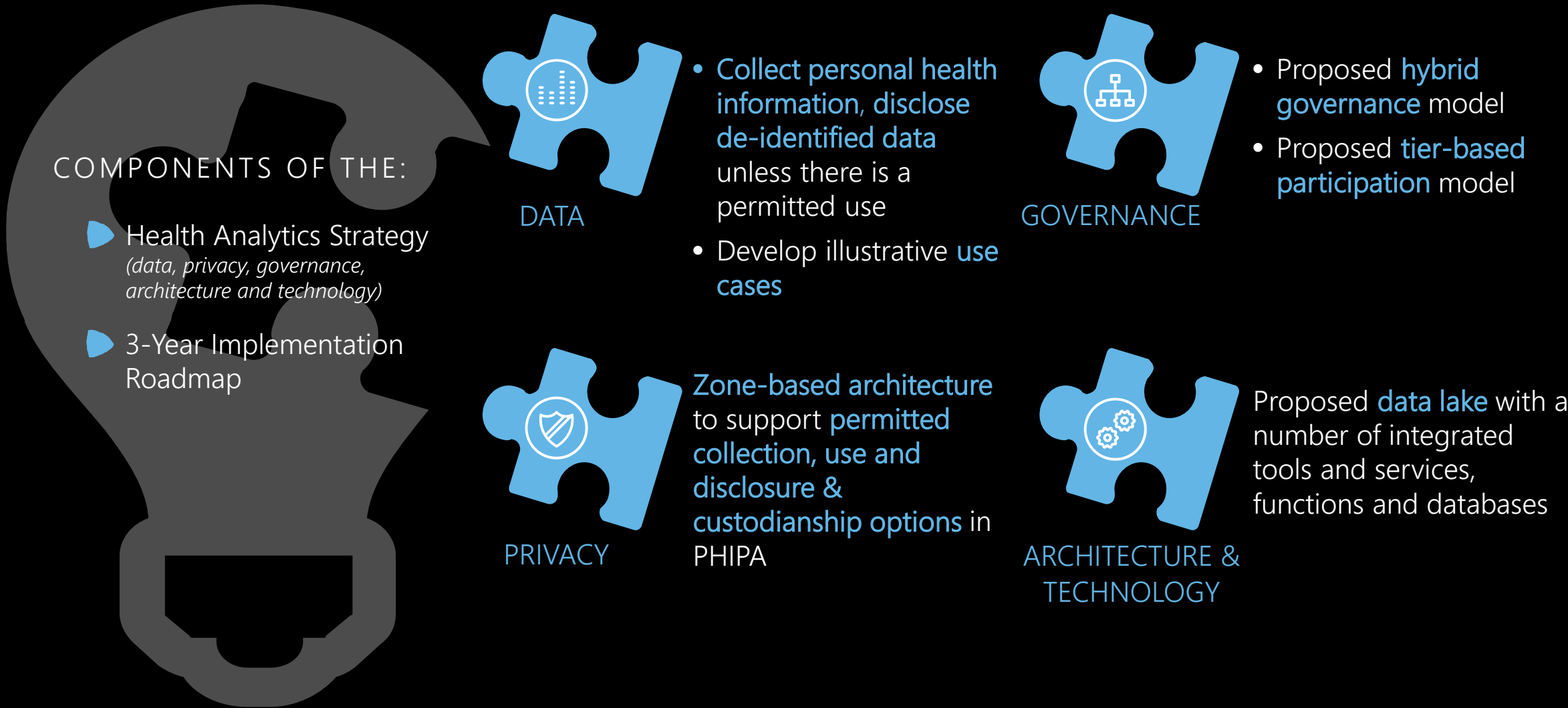
Varying levels of data management capabilities & analytics maturity



Guiding Principles to Overcome Constraints & Tensions

- i. Enables the **APPROPRIATE USE** of data for patient well-being
- ii. **FLEXIBLE AND AGILE** to support varying analytics capacity and capability
- iii. **SCALABLE** to allow membership to evolve and adapt over time
- iv. **LEVERAGES EXISTING** assets, investments and expertise
- v. **MANAGES AND MINIMIZES RISKS** related to security of patient oriented data
- vi. **RESPECTS PRIVACY**

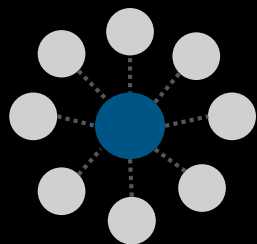
The analysis, strategy and roadmap developed during the first phase of planning will facilitate an understanding around the willingness and capacity to further solidify the future state



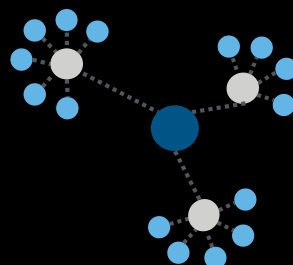
Developing a Co-Governed Approach: What models were considered?



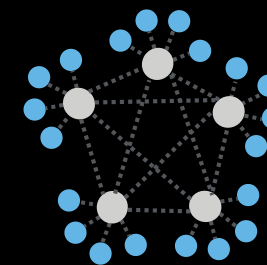
CENTRALIZED



HYBRID/ FEDERATED



DECENTRALIZED



Definition

- One centralized owner of accountability
- All organizations are only informed or consulted

- One *Hub* accountable for leadership and oversight
- Many *Spokes* across organizations share accountability under the leadership of the Hub

- No centralized owner
- Accountability resides in functional stacks (also known as lines of business) for their own area

Examples in collaborative model

One lead entity has accountability for the Platform (e.g., a single lead institution)

A lead entity may be accountable for certain aspects of the Platform (e.g., research), while governance of other aspects are the accountability of the participating organizations (e.g., data)

All participating organizations are governed separately, but may agree to adhere to standard processes and protocols for sharing data

LEGEND Lead/Central Organization Participating Member Members' Internal Structures

A hybrid governance model which centralizes governance oversight and tactical oversight and execution while setting standards for organizational participants



COMPONENTS OF THE GOVERNANCE MODEL

- ▶ Board of Directors & Governance Oversight Committee
- ▶ Business Operations Office
- ▶ Tactical and Execution Oversight Working Groups
- ▶ Communities of Practice

{ A TIERED-PARTICIPATION MODEL WAS THE BREAKTHROUGH }

Strikes a balance between the unique environment of each organization (e.g., risk tolerance, capacity) and the value that can be derived from the Platform with increasing membership. Organizations would, over time, opt to move up the tiers.

- ▶ Data Shared
- ▶ Data Access
- ▶ Analytics and Services
- ▶ Working Together
- ▶ Fees

WHAT ARE THE LESSONS
LEARNED?

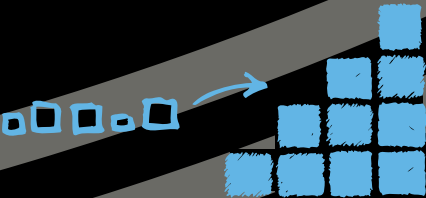


How you start shapes your overall success. It is critical to do the 'big thinking' about strategic components early in the planning process as decisions become the framework for execution

FOCUS ON STRATEGIC COMPONENTS



DEVELOP USE CASES



DON'T BOIL THE OCEAN

CALL TO A HIGHER ORDER



WILLINGNESS TO PIONEER CHANGE TOGETHER



CONCESSIONS & CHANGES IN ATTITUDE



THE INTERESTS OF THE COLLECTIVE



CLEAR DECISION-MAKING CRITERIA & PROCESS

FOUNDATION FOR COLLABORATION – *What needed to be in place?*

Continuing the Conversation



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